**Assignment: Mobile App Research**

Mobile technologies, particularly those for smartphones, are the most significant development in the world today. They have become more and more prevalent in our daily lives and have been consistently enhanced. The future of mobile technology innovation and development has tremendous potential to revolutionize the way we live, work, and communicate. Future technology would be including curved and contoured panels, better cameras, longer-lasting batteries, and ever-more potent processors. It is also thought that smartphones could act as remote controls to operate much of the environment around us as the IoT and smart technology become more prevalent. [1]

There are a variety of mobile technologies that will develop further within the next five to 10 years. The first thing is 6G, sixth generation technology. Although 5G is not yet available everywhere, but researchers are already testing 6G modems in its early stages. It would be expecting greater energy efficiency, much faster web browsing, even reduced latency, the ability to download movies instantly, totally immersive augmented reality. Around 2030, 6G technology, which will be included into devices, is anticipated to be able to link to considerably more complex gadgets, including flying cars, and driverless vehicles. The second thing is artificial intelligence (AI). Artificial intelligence will develop significantly over the next ten years and play a significant part in our daily lives. In fields like voice assistants, photography, augmented reality, and real-time language translation, AI is already a significant component of modern smartphones. Future technology will be smarter, able to make more complex and human-like judgements. [2]

With the advent of artificial intelligence and robotics, more occupations are expected to disappear since technology has gotten more sophisticated than ever. An employment that will eventually disappear from the market is that of a taxi driver. By 2023, companies like Lyft intend to introduce completely automated ride-hailing services in Las Vegas. Human-driven taxis may no longer be in high demand, but they will struggle to stay in business as automation lowers costs. In the near future, self-driving automobiles will be the standard, virtually eliminating the need for human drivers. On the other hand, a job that is likely to remain soon is a lawyer. We are a long way from having machines represent or question us in court, despite the fact that legal research and case preparation will become increasingly computerised. Almost all steps in a contract procedure can be automated. Nevertheless, rather of solely relying on data and algorithms, people need the human aspect to formulate arguments, create social connections during the negotiation stage, and uncover subtleties in the data. [3], [4]

**References**

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